eighteen years). True and accurate records shall be

(b) The labor commissioner may authorize the maintenance of

wage records and the retention of both wage and hour records as

outlined either in whole or in part at a place other than the place of employment when it is demonstrated that the retention of such

(1) works an undue hardship on the employer without

(2) is not practical for enforcement purposes. Where

(c) In the case of an employee who spends 75% or more of his working time away from his employer's place of business and the

maintaining of time records showing the beginning and ending

undue hardship upon the employer or exposes him to jeopardy

time of each work period for such employee either imposes an

because of his inability to control the accuracy of such entries,

a record of total daily and total weekly hours will be approved

However, in such cases, the original time entries shall be made by

the employee in his own behalf and the time entries made by the

(d) The employer shall maintain and retain for a period of 3 years the following information and data on each individual employed in

a bona fide executive, administrative or professional capacity.

as fulfilling the record keeping requirements of this section.

employee shall be used as the basis for payroll records.

materially benefiting the inspection procedures of the

permission is granted to maintain wage records at other than the place of employment, a record of total daily and

weekly hours worked by each employee shall also be

available for inspection in connection with such wage

period of 3 years for each employee.

records at the place of employment either

labor department, or

maintained and retained at the place of employment for a



**DOI-75** 0024-075-01

# CONNECTICUT **Employment Laws**

#### These Administrative Regulations must be posted and maintained wherever workers covered by this Act are employed. CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

# WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

### (10) working certificates for minor employees (sixteen to

**Minimum Wage:** 

\$8.70 per hour effective 1-1-14 \$9.15 per hour effective 1-1-15

\$9.60 per hour effective 1-1-16

\$10.10 per hour effective 1-1-17 (P.A. 14-1)

**OVERTIME - ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE EMPLOYEES** 

APPLICABLE MINIMUM WAGE.

REGULAR RATE OF PAY AFTER 40 HOURS PER WEEK. FOR

**EXCEPTIONS - SEE SECTION 31-76i OF THE CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES.** MINORS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE EMPLOYED BY THE STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF MAY BE PAID 85% OF THE

MINORS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE MAY BE PAID 85% OF THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM WAGE.

MINORS EMPLOYED BY AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYERS WHO DID NOT. DURING THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR, EMPLOY EIGHT OR MORE WORKERS AT THE SAME TIME SHALL BE PAID A MINIMUM WAGE

OF NOT LESS THAN 70% OF THE MINIMUM WAGE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 31-58. MINORS IN OTHER EMPLOYMENT - SEE SECTION 31-60-6.

Sec. 31-60-1. Piece rates in relation to time rates or incentive pay plans, including commissions and bonuses.

(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this regulation, "piece rates"

means any premium or incentive compensation for business transacted whether based on per centum of total valuation or specific rate per unit of accomplishment. "Incentive plan" means any method of compensation, including, without limitation thereto, commissions, piece rate, bonuses, etc., based upon the amount of results produced, where the payment is in accordance with a fixed plan by which the employee becomes entitled to the compensation upon fulfillment of the conditions established as part of the working agreement, but shall be subject to the limitation hereinafter set forth.

employment. (c) Piece rates in relation to time rates: (1) When an employee is compensated solely at piece rates he shall be paid a sufficient amount at piece rates to yield an average rate of at least the minimum wage for each hour worked in any week, and the wage paid to such employee shall

hours of work in a week and at an hourly rate for other hours, the employee's hourly rate shall be at least the minimum wage and his earnings from piece rates shall average at least the minimum wage for each hour worked on piece rate for that work week, and the wage paid to such employee shall not be less than the minimum wage for each hour worked.

(3) When an employee is employed at a combination of hourly

rate and piece rate for the same hours of work (i.e., an incentive

coupled with a minimum hourly guarantee), the employee shall

receive an average rate of at least the minimum wage an hour

pay plan superimposed upon an hourly rate or a piece rate

for each hour worked in any week and the wage paid to such employee shall be not less than the minimum wage for each hour worked. (d) Commission. (1) When an employee is compensated solely on a commission basis, he shall be paid weekly an average of at least the minimum wage per hour for each hour worked. (2) When an employee is paid in accordance with a plan

equal at least an average of the minimum wage an hour for each hour worked in any work week. All commissions shall be

settled at least once in each month in full. When earnings are derived in whole or in part on the basis of an incentive plan other than these defined herein, the employee shall receive weekly at least the minimum wage per hour for each hour worked in the work week, and the balance earned shall be

settled at least once monthly. Sec. 31-60-2. Gratuities as part of the minimum fair wage. For the purposes of this regulation, "gratuity" means a voluntary monetary contribution received by the employee from a guest, wage order, gratuities may be recognized as constituting a part of the minimum fair wage when all of the following provisions are complied with: (1) The employee shall be engaged in an employment in which gratuities have customarily and usually constituted and have

the minimum fair wage paid to any employee shall provide substantial evidence that the amount claimed, which shall not exceed the allowance hereinafter provided, was received by the employee. For example, a statement signed by the employee attesting that wages received, including gratuities not to exceed the amount specified herein, together with other authorized

allowances, represents a payment of not less than the minimum

and other applicable regulations shall be complied with. 2015 for employees employed in the hotel and restaurant industry, and 18.5% on January 1, 2015 for bartenders who customarily and regularly receive gratuities or not more than 35 cents per hour for employees in any other industry in which it can be established that gratuities have, prior to July 1, 1967, customarily and usually constituted and been recognized as part of the employee's remuneration for hiring purposes for the particular employment. Gratuities received in excess of the amount specified herein as

Sec. 31-60-4. Physically or mentally handicapped employees. [This regulation defines a "physically or mentally handicapped person" as a person whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury and provides guidelines for a modification of the minimum wage.] Sec. 31-60-6. Minors under the age of 18. (a) For the purposes of this regulation, "minor" means a person at least 16 years of age but not over 18 years of age. To prevent curtailment of employment opportunities for minors, and to provide a reasonable period during which training for adjustment to employment conditions may be accomplished, a minor may be

employed at a modification of the minimum fair wage established by subsection (j) of section 31-58 of the general statutes, but at not less than 85% of the minimum wage, for the first 200 hours of employment. When a minor has had an aggregate of two hundred hours of employment, he may not be employed by the same or any

from each minor to be employed at a modification of the minimum

fair wage rate as herein provided, a statement of his employment

employ, will be deemed satisfactory evidence of good faith on the

part of the employer with respect to his adherence to the provisions

prior to his date of accession with his present employer. Such

employer's record of hours worked by the minor while in his

statement of prior employment, supplemented by the present

Commissioner for a subminimum rate in an occupation which is not apprenticeable.] Sec. 31-60-8. Apprentices. [Under this regulation, apprentices duly registered by the Connecticut State Apprenticeship Council of the Labor Department may not be employed at less than the minimum wage unless permission has been received from the Labor Commissioner through an application process.] Sec. 31-60-9. Apparel. For the purpose of this regulation, "apparel" means uniforms or other clothing supplied by the employer for use in the course of employment but does not include articles of clothing purchased

Sec. 31-60-10. Travel time. (a) For the purpose of this regulation, "travel time" means that time during which a worker is required or permitted to travel for purposes incidental to "a performance of his employment but does not include time spent traveling from home to his usual place of employment or return to home, except as hereinafter provided in or permitted to travel for purposes which inure to the benefit of

(c) When an employee is required to report to other than his usual place of employment at the beginning of his work day, if such an assignment involves travel time on the part of the employee in excess of that ordinarily required to travel from his home to his usual place of employment, such additional travel time shall be considered to be working time and shall be paid for as such. (d) When at the end of a work day a work assignment at other than his usual place of employment involves, on the part of the employee, travel time in excess of that ordinarily required to travel

be on the employer's premises or to be on duty, or to be at the prescribed work place, and all time during which an employee is employed or permitted to work, whether or not required to do so, provided time allowed for meals shall be excluded unless the employee is required or permitted to work. Such time includes, but shall not be limited to, the time when an employee is required to

be considered to be working time and shall be paid for as such, whether or not the employee is actually called upon to work. (c) When an employee is subject to call for emergency service but is not required to be at a location designated by the employer but is simply required to keep the employer informed as to the location at which he may be contacted, or when an employee is not specifically required by his employer to be subject to call but is contacted by his

#### Sec. 31-60-12. Records. means accurate legible records for each employee showing:

- - (1) His name; (2) his home address;
    - (3) the occupation in which he is employed; (4) the total daily and total weekly hours worked, showing the
  - beginning and ending time of each work period, computed to the nearest unit of 15 minutes;
  - (5) his total hourly, daily or weekly basic wage; (6) his overtime wage as a separate item from his basic wage;
    - (8) his total wages paid each pay period; (9) such other records as are stipulated in accordance with sections 31-60-1 through 31-60-16;
- unit of 15 minutes.

means an established rate per unit of work performed without (1) His name: regard to time required for such accomplishment. "Commissions" (2) his home address; (3) the occupation in which he is employed; (4) his total wages paid each work period; (5) the date of payment and the pay period covered by payment.

(b) Record of wages. Each employer shall maintain records of wages paid to each employee who is compensated for his services in accordance with an incentive plan in such form as to enable such compensation to be translated readily into terms of average hourly rate on a weekly basis for each work week or part thereof of

be not less than the minimum wage for each hour worked. (2) When an employee is compensated at piece rates for certain

providing for a base rate plus commission, the wage paid weekly to the employee from these combined sources shall

patron or customer for service rendered. (a) Unless otherwise prohibited by statutory provision or by a

(2) The amount received in gratuities claimed as credit for part of the minimum fair wage shall be recorded on a weekly basis as a separate item in the wage record, even though payment is made more frequently, and (3) Each employer claiming credit for gratuities as part of

been recognized as part of his remuneration for hiring purposes

wage per hour for each hour worked during the pay period, will be accepted by the commissioner as "substantial evidence" for purposes of this section, provided all other requirements of this (b) Allowances for gratuities as part of the minimum wage shall not exceed 34.6% on January 1, 2014 and 36.8% on January 1, who customarily receive gratuities, and 15.6% on January 1, 2014

allowable need not be reported or recorded for the purposes of this regulation. The wage paid to each employee shall be at least the minimum wage per hour for each hour worked, which may include gratuities not to exceed the limitation herein set forth, provided all conditions herein set forth shall be met. \*(See P.A.13-117 for precise language.) Sec. 31-60-3. Deductions and allowances for reasonable value of board and lodging was repealed.

minimum wage shall be paid. Sec. 31-60-7. Learners. [This regulation contains the requirements to apply to the Labor

may be permitted to apply as part of the minimum fair wage for the maintenance of wearing apparel or for the laundering and cleaning of such apparel when the service has been performed. When protective garments such as gloves, boots or aprons are or are required in the interest of sanitation, such garments shall be provided and paid for and maintained by the employer without charge upon the employee.

from his usual place of employment to his home, such additional for as such. Sec. 31-60-11. Hours worked.

wait on the premises while no work is provided by the employer. Working time in every instance shall be computed to the nearest (b) All time during which an employee is required to be on call for

employer or on the employer's authorization directly or indirectly and assigned to duty, working time shall begin when the employee is notified of his assignment and shall end when the employee has completed his assignment. (a) For the purpose of this regulation, "true and accurate records"

(7) additions to or deductions from his wages each pay period;

in a bona fide administrative capacity" means any employee other employer at less than the minimum fair wage. (b) In addition to the records required by section 31-66 of the 1969 supplement to the general statutes, each employer shall obtain

of this regulation, provided such record shall be in complete compliance with the requirements of section 31-66 of the general statutes and section 31-60-12. (c) Deviation from the provisions of this regulation will cancel the modification of the minimum fair wage herein provided for all hours during which the violation prevailed and for such time the

by the employee or clothing usually required for health, comfort or convenience of the employee. An allowance (deduction) not to exceed \$1.50 per week or the actual cost, whichever is lower, necessary to safeguard the worker or prevent injury to an employee

(b) When an employee, in the course of his employment, is required the employer, such travel time shall be considered to be working time and shall be paid for as such. Expenses directly incidental to and resulting from such travel shall be paid for by the employer when payment made by the employee would bring the employee's earnings below the minimum fair wage.

travel time shall be considered to be working time and shall be paid (a) For the purpose of this regulation, "hours worked" include all time during which an employee is required by the employer to

emergency service at a location designated by the employer shall

(a) For the purposes of section 31-58 (f) of the general statutes, as amended, "employee employed in a bona fide executive capacity" means any employee (1) whose primary duty consists of the management of the enterprise in which he is employed or of a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof; and (2) who customarily and regularly directs the work of two or more

other employees therein; and (3) who has the authority to hire or

Sec. 31-60-14. Employee in a bona fide Executive capacity.

fire other employees or whose suggestions and recommendations as to the hiring or firing and as to the advancement and promotion or any other change of status of other employees will be given particular weight; and (4) who customarily and regularly exercise discretionary powers; and (5) who does not devote more than twenty percent, or, in the case of an employee of a retail or service establishment who does not devote as much as forty percent, of his hours of work in the workweek to activities which are not directly and closely related to the performance of the work described in subdivisions (1) to (4), inclusive, of this section; provided this subdivision shall not apply in the case of an employee who owns at least twenty percent interest in the enterprise in which he is employed; and (6) who is compensated for his services on a salary basis at a rate of not less than four hundred dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, except that this subdivision shall not apply in the case of an employee in training for a bona fide executive position as defined in this section if (A) the training period does not exceed six months; and (B) the employee is compensated for his services on a salary basis at a rate not less than three hundred seventy-five dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities during the training period; (C) a tentative outline of the training program has been approved by the labor commissioner; and (D) the employer shall pay tuition costs, and fees, if any, for such instruction and reimburse the employee for travel expenses to and from each destination other than local, where such instruction or training is provided. Any trainee program so approved may be terminated at any time by the labor commissioner upon proper notice, if he finds that the intent of the program as approved has not been carried out. An employee who is compensated on a salary basis at a rate of not less than four hundred seventy-five dollars per week, exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, and whose primary duty consists of the management of the enterprise in which he is employed or of a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof, and includes the customary and regular direction of the work of two or more other employees therein, shall be deemed to meet all of the requirements of this section. (b) "Salary basis" means a predetermined amount paid for each pay period on a weekly or less frequent basis, regardless of the number of days or hours worked, which amount is not subject to reduction because of variations in the quality or quantity of the work performed, and which amount has been the subject of an employer advisement as required by section 31-71f of the Connecticut General Statutes. (1) Although the employee need not be paid for any workweek in

employee is absent for personal reasons other than sickness or (C) Deductions may be made for one or more full days of sickness or disability provided the deduction is made pursuant to a bona fide plan, policy or practice of making deductions from an employee's salary after sickness or disability leave has been exhausted which has been disclosed to the employee in accordance with section 31-71f of the Connecticut General

(D) Deductions may be made for absences of less than one

29 USC 2601 et seq., or the Connecticut family and medical

17 of the regulations of Connecticut state agencies; or

workweek absence that is attributable to:

capacity of a witness; or

(iii) temporary military leave.

the employer;

absence.

Capacity.

full day taken pursuant to the federal family medical leave act,

leave act, section 31-51kk et seq., of the Connecticut General

Statutes, as permitted by 29 CFR 825.206 or by section 31-51qq-

which he performed no work, deductions may only be made in the

(A) During the initial and terminal weeks of employment, an

(B) Deductions may be made for one or more full days if the

employer may pay a proportionate part of an employee's salary

following five (5) instances:

Statutes:

for the time actually worked;

(E) Deductions may be made for one or more full days if the employee is absent as a result of a disciplinary suspension for violating a safety rule of major significance. Safety rules of major significance include only those relating to the prevention of serious danger to the employer's premises, or to other employees. (2)(A) No deduction of any kind shall be made for any part of a

(i) lack of work occasioned by the operating requirements of

(ii) jury duty, or attendance at a judicial proceeding in the

(B) An employer is permitted to offset payments an employee

against the employee's regular salary during the week of such

receives for any of the services described in this subdivision

(3) No deduction shall be made for an absence of less than one full

day from work unless: (A) The absence is taken pursuant to the federal family and medical leave act, 29 USC 2601 et seq., or the Connecticut

family and medical leave act, section 31-51kk et seq., of the Connecticut General Statutes, as permitted by 29 CFR 825.206 or by section 31-51qq-17 of the regulations of Connecticut state agencies; or (B) The absence is taken pursuant to a bona fide paid time off benefits plan that specifically authorizes the substitution or reduction from accrued benefits for the time that an employee is absent from work, provided the employee receives payment in an amount equal to his guaranteed salary.

(4) No deduction of any kind shall be made for an absence of less

(a) For the purposes of said section 31-58 (f), "employee employed

than one week which results from a disciplinary suspension for

Sec. 31-60-15. Employee in bona fide Administrative

violating ordinary rules of employee conduct.

(1) whose primary duty consists of either: (A) the performance of office or nonmanual work directly related to management policies or general business operations of his employer or his employer's customers, or (B) the performance of functions in the administration of a school system or educational establishment

or institution, or of a department or subdivision thereof, in work

directly related to the academic instruction or training carried on

executive or administrative capacity, as such terms are defined in

executes under only general supervision special assignments and

tasks; and (4) who does not devote more than twenty percent, or,

does not devote as much as forty percent, of his hours worked

in the workweek to activities which are not directly and closely related to the performance of the work described in subdivisions

for his services on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than

(1) to (3), inclusive, of this section; and (5)(A) who is compensated

in the case of an employee of a retail or service establishment who

section 31-60-14 and 31-60-15, or (B) who performs under only

general supervision work along specialized or technical lines requiring special training, experience or knowledge, or (C) who

assists a proprietor, or an employee employed in a bona fide

therein; and (2) who customarily and regularly exercises discretion

and independent judgement; and (3) (A) who regularly and directly

four hundred dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, or (B) who, in the case of academic administrative personnel, is compensated for his services as required by subparagraph (A) of this subdivision or on a salary basis which is at least equal to the entrance salary for teachers in the school system or educational establishment or institution by which he is employed; provided an employee who is compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than four hundred seventy-five dollars per week, exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, and whose primary duty consists of the performance of work described in subdivision (1) of this section, which includes work requiring the exercise of discretion and independent judgement, shall be deemed to meet all of the requirements of this section. (b) "Salary basis" [refer to Section 31-60-14.] (c) "Fee basis" means the payment of an agreed sum for the accomplishment of a single task regardless of the time required for its completion. A fee basis payment shall be permitted only for jobs which are unique in nature rather than for a series of jobs which are repeated an indefinite number of times and for which payment on an identical basis is made over and over again. Payment on a fee basis shall amount to a rate of not less than the rate set forth in subsection (a) of this section. Sec. 31-60-1 6. Employee in bona fide Professional Capacity. (a) For the purposes of said section 31-58 (f) "employee employed in a bona fide professional capacity" means any employee (1) whose primary duty consists of the performance of: (A) work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized intellectual instruction and study, as distinguished from a general academic education and from an apprenticeship, and from training in the performance of routine mental, manual, or physical processes, or (B) work that is original and creative in character in a recognized field of artistic endeavor, as opposed to work which can be produced by a person endowed with general manual or intellectual ability and training, and the result of which depends

such character that the output produced or the result accomplished cannot be standardized in relation to a given period of time; and (4) who does not devote more than twenty percent of his hours worked in the workweek to activities which are not an essential part of and necessarily incident to the work described in subdivision (1) to (3), inclusive, of this section; and (5) who is compensated for his services on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than four hundred dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities; provided this subdivision shall not apply in the case of an employee who is the holder of a valid license or certificate permitting the practice of law or medicine or any of their branches and who is actually engaged in the practice thereof, or in the case of an employee who is the holder of the requisite academic degree for the general practice of medicine and is engaged in an internship or resident program pursuant to the practice of medicine or any of its branches, or in the case of an employee employed and engaged

as a teacher as provided in subdivision (1) (C) of this section, and

week exclusive of board, lodging or other facilities, and whose

in subdivision (1) (A) or (C) of this section which includes work

field of artistic endeavor, shall be deemed to meet all of the

provided an employee who is compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than four hundred seventy-five dollars per

primary duty consists of the performance either of work described

requiring the consistent exercise of discretion and judgement, or

of work requiring invention, imagination or talent in a recognized

are repeated an indefinite number of times and for which payment

fee basis shall amount to a rate of not less than the rate set forth in

on an identical basis is made over and over again. Payment on a

primarily on the invention, imagination or talent of the employee

or (C) teaching, tutoring, instructing or lecturing in the activity

of imparting knowledge while employed and engaged in this

activity as a teacher certified or recognized as such in the school

system or educational establishment or institution by which he is

employed; and (2) whose work requires the consistent exercise of

discretion and judgement in its performance; and (3) whose work

is predominantly intellectual and varied in character, as opposed

to routine mental, manual, mechanical or physical work, and is of

(c) "Fee basis" means the payment of an agreed sum for the accomplishment of a single task regardless of the time required for its completion. A fee basis payment shall be permitted only for jobs which are unique in nature rather than for a series of jobs which

(b) "Salary basis" [refer to Section 31-60-14.]

requirements of this section.

subsection (a) of this section.

Gary K. Pechie, Director Wage and Workplace Standards CONNECTICUT **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR** 

Partner of the American Job Center Network